

TBC-BRINADD

A DIVISION OF TEXAS UNITED CHEMICAL COMPANY, LLC

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Bridgesal-Ultra™ System

DESCRIPTION

The **Bridgesal-Ultra** System is composed of two basic products, **Bridgesal-Ultra** and **Bridgesal-Ultra SF**. These new products are improvements of the popular **Bridgesal-Plus** completion and workover fluids. Incorporating an increased concentration of bridging particles below 10 microns in combination with broad particle distributions of 120 and 325 mesh, the **Bridgesal-Ultra** products are able to provide improved filtrate control with a significant reduction in polymer levels.

Recognized throughout the world as the premier fluid loss control system, the new **Bridgesal-Ultra** and **Bridgesal-Ultra SF** can be used for:

- Lost circulation pills
- Perforating fluid loss pills
- Pre/post gravel pack fluid loss pills
- Sealing annular leaks in casing

Normally, the **Bridgesal-Ultra** products are mixed in saturated sodium chloride brine, but they can also be used with potassium chloride, calcium chloride, and sodium bromide as long as the base brine is saturated with respect to sodium chloride. **Bridgesal-Ultra** and **Bridgesal-Ultra SF** fluid densities range from 10.5 lb/gal to 13.5 lb/gal depending on the base brine and concentration of bridging solids utilized. **Bridgesal-Ultra** products are packaged in 50 lb or 25 kg sacks.

FEATURES

- Blended salt products contained in the **Bridgesal-Ultra SF** and **Bridgesal-Ultra** products provide optimized broad particle distributions for reduction in polymer concentrations, and improved sealing characteristics over a wide range of reservoir permeabilities
- **Bridgesal-Ultra** products when combined with **Plug-Sal®**, **Plug-Sal X** and **Plug-Sal XC**, generate a series of overlapping particle distributions which provide formulating flexibility to meet formation requirements in lost circulation applications
- **Bridgesal-Ultra SF** particle sizing allows not only the sealing of a permeable formation, but also permits removal through a 6 or higher gauge production or tell-tale screen
- Incorporates a patented derivatized starch/biopolymer combination for outstanding rheological and suspension properties to prevent settling at bottom hole temperatures up to 275°F with the addition of **pH Buffer**
- This polymer combination creates a unique synergistic effect creating an optimum viscosity profile giving **Bridgesal-Ultra** long-term suspension stability
- Upper temperature limit is extended to 325°F by including **Thermasal™-A** and **Thermasal-B** with **Polytex AHT** in system compositions
- Improved bridging/filtration control results in thin, ultra-low permeability filter cakes
- Compatible with **Ultra Breake M™**, the patented internal breaker system for filter cake removal

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Bridgesal-Ultra™ System Products

| PRODUCT | COMPONENTS | FUNCTIONS |
|---|--|--|
| Bridgesal-Ultra SF | Xanthan gum biopolymer, derivatized starch, sized NaCl blend (44 microns) | One-sack lost circulation treatment |
| Bridgesal-Ultra | Xanthan gum biopolymer, derivatized starch, sized NaCl blend (120 microns) | One-sack lost circulation treatment |
| FL-7 Plus™ | Derivatized starch | Fluid loss control additive |
| Plug-Sal® Plug-Sal X Plug-Sal XC | Medium to coarse NaCl | Bridging/lost circulation additives |
| pH Buffer | Magnesia compound | Buffer to maintain alkaline pH |
| Thermasal™-A Thermasal-B | Anhydrous salt and magnesia compound | Two component thermal stabilizing system |
| Polytex AHT | Polymer blend | High temperature fluid loss control additive |

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Bridgesal-Ultra™ SF COMPOSITIONS MIXED IN SATURATED SODIUM CHLORIDE BRINE

Formation Permeabilities up to 2000 mD

| COMPOSITION | TEMPERATURE, °F | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|
| | 150 | 200 | 250 |
| Saturated NaCl Brine, bbl | 0.90 | 0.88 | 0.87 |
| Bridgesal-Ultra SF , lb/bbl | 50.0 | 50.0 | 60.0 |
| FL-7 Plus™ , lb/bbl | - | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| pH Buffer , lb/bbl | 3.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Ultrasal™ 10E , lb/bbl | 30.0 | 40.0 | 30.0 |
| Final Density, lb/gal | 10.8 | 10.8 | 11.0 |

In-Screen Pill up to 250°F (6 or 8 Gauge)

| | |
|------------------------------------|------|
| Saturated NaCl Brine, bbl | 0.83 |
| Bridgesal-Ultra SF , lb/bbl | 60.0 |
| pH Buffer , lb/bbl | 2.0 |
| Ultrasal 10E , lb/bbl | 20.0 |
| Plug-Sal® , lb/bbl | 50.0 |
| Final Density, lb/gal | 11.4 |

- If the bottom hole temperature is above 250°F, contact a TBC-Brinadd representative for the appropriate recommendation.

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Bridgesal-Ultra™ SF COMPOSITIONS MIXED IN CALCIUM CHLORIDE BRINE

Formation Permeabilities up to 2000 mD and 250°F

| | | | |
|---|-------|------|------|
| CaCl ₂ Brine Density, lb/gal | 9.0 | 10.0 | 10.7 |
| CaCl ₂ Brine, bbl | 0.85 | 0.90 | 0.95 |
| Evaporated NaCl, lb/bbl | 100.0 | 40.0 | 20.0 |
| Bridgesal-Ultra SF , lb/bbl | 50.0 | 50.0 | 50.0 |
| pH Buffer , lb/bbl | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Final Density, lb/gal | 10.75 | 10.9 | 11.4 |

In-Screen Pill up to 250°F (6 or 8 Gauge)

| | | | |
|---|-------|------|------|
| CaCl ₂ Brine Density, lb/gal | 9.0 | 10.0 | 10.7 |
| CaCl ₂ Brine, bbl | 0.72 | 0.78 | 0.80 |
| Evaporated NaCl, lb/bbl | 100.0 | 40.0 | 40.0 |
| Bridgesal-Ultra SF , lb/bbl | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 |
| pH Buffer , lb/bbl | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Plug-Sal® , lb/bbl | 60.0 | 60.0 | 60.0 |
| Final Density, lb/gal | 11.4 | 11.6 | 12.2 |

- If the bottom hole temperature is above 250°F, contact a TBC-Brinadd representative for the appropriate recommendation.

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Bridgesal-Ultra™ COMPOSITIONS FOR BRIDGING COARSE SAND OR GRAVEL

| Media | Formulation |
|--------------|---|
| 40/60 Sand | 50-60 lb/bbl Bridgesal-Ultra 40-50 lb/bbl Plug-Sal® |
| 20/40 Sand | 50-65 lb/bbl Bridgesal-Ultra 50-75 lb/bbl Plug-Sal |
| 16/30 Gravel | 50-65 lb/bbl Bridgesal-Ultra 45-50 lb/bbl Plug-Sal 40-55 lb/bbl Plug-Sal X |
| 12/20 Gravel | 50-60 lb/bbl Bridgesal-Ultra 40-50 lb/bbl Plug-Sal 50-60 lb/bbl Plug-Sal X |
| 8/20 Gravel | 50-65 lb/bbl Bridgesal-Ultra 50-60 lb/bbl Plug-Sal 40-70 lb/bbl Plug-Sal X |

Note: Formulations contain the bridging solids concentrations necessary to seal the designated media up to 150°F. Contact a TBC-Brinadd representative for the proper recommendation above this temperature.

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Bridgesal-Ultra™ System

MIXING PROCEDURE:

Before adding **Bridgesal-Ultra** or **Bridgesal-Ultra SF**, the base brine must be saturated with respect to sodium chloride to prevent the bridging salt from being dissolved. Refer to the sodium chloride saturation tables referenced below.

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| SODIUM CHLORIDE BASE BRINE | TABLE B: NaCl and fresh water |
| POTASSIUM CHLORIDE BASE BRINE | TABLE F and G: NaCl and KCl brine |
| CALCIUM CHLORIDE BASE BRINE | TABLE I and J: NaCl and CaCl ₂ brine |
| SODIUM BROMIDE BASE BRINE | TABLE M: NaBr and NaCl brine |

THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR MIXING ONLY; PLEASE CONTACT A TBC-BRINADD REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE PROPER RECOMMENDATION.

1. Start with the desired amount of base brine in the slugging pit or mixing tank.
2. Add the prescribed amount of evaporated sodium chloride (for saturation) through a hopper at 1-2 minutes per sack; agitate until the desired density is reached.
3. Add recommended defoaming agent as needed. Normally 1/2 can (2.5 gal) of **Defoam 2** for every 20 bbl of pill is sufficient.
4. Add prescribed amount of **Bridgesal-Ultra** or **Bridgesal-Ultra SF** through a hopper at 3-4 minutes per sack.
5. If necessary, add recommended concentration of **FL-7 Plus™** through a hopper at 8-10 minutes per sack.
6. Add 2-5 lb/bbl of **pH Buffer** through a hopper at 3-4 minutes per sack.
7. Allow the pill to agitate for 30-45 minutes prior to pumping downhole.
8. For moderate lost circulation or post gravel pack in-screen pills, add the prescribed amount of **Plug-Sal®** through a hopper at 1-2 minutes per sack.
9. For severe lost circulation, add the prescribed amount of **Plug-Sal** and **Plug-Sal X** through a hopper at 1-2 minutes per sack.

10. Allow the pill to agitate for 10 -15 minutes prior to pumping downhole.

- **If a hopper is not available, add all products at maximum agitation while circulating through a pump.**

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Hysal™ System

DESCRIPTION

The **Hysal** System utilizes either sized sodium chloride or calcium carbonate bridging particles for lost circulation pill applications requiring fluid densities above 12.5 lb/gal. The **Hysal** System is composed of four basic products, **Hysal SF**, **Hysal HD** and **Hysal HT** with sodium chloride bridging solids, and **Hysal C** with calcium carbonate.

The **Hysal** System can be used for:

- Lost circulation pills
- Perforating fluid loss pills
- Pre/post gravel pack fluid loss pills

Hysal products may be formulated in calcium chloride, calcium bromide and/or zinc bromide mixtures. **Hysal** is packaged in 50 lb or 25 kg sacks.

FEATURES

- Applicable across a broad range of fluid densities
- Provides effective bridging and temporary plugging of productive formations and flows easily through wire-wrapped production or tell-tale screens during displacement
- Can be used to seal inside a completion screen to prevent losses with the addition of larger bridging particles
- Incorporates a unique combination of derivatized starch, buffer, and bridging solids which provides excellent filtration control up to 250°F

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Hysal™ System Products

| PRODUCT | COMPONENTS | FUNCTIONS |
|---|--|--|
| Hysal SF | Derivatized starch, low reactivity alkaline buffer, sized NaCl (44 microns) | One-sack lost circulation treatment |
| Hysal HD | Derivatized starch, high reactivity alkaline buffer, sized NaCl (44 microns) | One-sack lost circulation treatment |
| Hysal HT | Derivatized starch, sized NaCl (44 microns) | Lost circulation treatment for higher temperatures |
| Hysal C | Derivatized starch, low reactivity alkaline buffer, sized CaCO ₃ (65 microns) | One-sack lost circulation treatment |
| Hysal Activator | Glycol mixture | Polar additive |
| Alka Buff™-Hi | High reactivity alkaline buffer | Stabilizer for zinc bromide brines |
| pH Buffer | Low reactivity alkaline buffer | Stabilizer for calcium bromide brines |
| Thermasal™-B | High reactivity alkaline buffer | Stabilizer for higher temperatures |
| Plug-Sal® Plug-Sal X Plug-Sal XC | Medium to coarse NaCl | Bridging/lost circulation additives |
| Sluggit® Sluggit CM Sluggit Plus | Medium to coarse CaCO ₃ | Bridging/lost circulation additives |

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Hysal™ System

MIXING PROCEDURE:

Hysal C, Hysal HD, Hysal HT and **Hysal SF** are fluid loss control additives that are designed for use in high-density brines (12.5 - 18.5 lb/gal).

THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR MIXING ONLY; PLEASE CONTACT A TBC-BRINADD REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE PROPER RECOMMENDATION.

12.5-16.0 lb/gal

1. Add 0.5 gal/bbl of **Hysal Activator** to the prescribed amount of base brine.
2. Add 100 lb/bbl of **Hysal C, Hysal SF** or **Hysal HT** at 3-5 minutes per sack through a hopper.
3. Add recommended concentration of **Thermasal™-B** at 5 minutes per sack through a hopper.
4. Allow the slurry to mix, circulating through a choke to generate temperature, for approximately four hours.
5. Add recommended concentration of **Ultrasal™** products for base brine and bottom hole temperature solubility at 5 minutes per sack through a hopper.
6. For moderate lost circulation or post gravel pack in-screen pills, add the prescribed amount of **Plug-Sal®** through a hopper at 1-2 minutes per sack.
7. For severe lost circulation, add the prescribed amount of **Plug-Sal** and **Plug-Sal X** through a hopper at 1-2 minutes per sack.

16.0-17.5 lb/gal

1. Add 0.5 gal/bbl of **Hysal Activator** to the prescribed amount of base brine.
2. Add 100 lb/bbl of **Hysal HD** or **Hysal HT** at 3-5 minutes per sack through a hopper.
3. Add recommended concentration of **Thermasal-B**, or **Alka Buff™ Hi** at 5 minutes per sack through a hopper.

4. Allow the slurry to mix, circulating through a choke to generate temperature, for approximately four hours.
5. Add recommended concentration of **Ultrasal™** products for base brine and bottom hole temperature solubility at 5 minutes per sack through a hopper.
6. For moderate lost circulation or post gravel pack in-screen pills, add the prescribed amount of **Plug-Sal®** through a hopper at 1-2 minutes per sack.
7. For severe lost circulation, add the prescribed amount of **Plug-Sal** and **Plug-Sal X** through a hopper at 1-2 minutes per sack.

17.5-18.5 lb/gal

***NOTE:** Formulations from 17.5 lb/gal to 18.5 lb/gal should be verified by laboratory testing.*

- **If a hopper is not available, add all products at maximum agitation while circulating through a pump.**
- **If the BHT is above 200°F or 14.5 lb/gal, a TBC-BRINADD representative should be contacted for an appropriate recommendation.**

**GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR APPLICATION OF TBC-BRINADD
WATER-SOLUBLE BRIDGING PARTICLE SYSTEMS**

1. If you have any questions concerning a particular application, please call your TBC-Brinadd representative for the proper recommendation.
2. Always saturate the base brine prior to adding **Bridgesal-Ultra™** or **Bridgesal-Ultra SF**. This is done by adding the prescribed amounts of evaporated sodium chloride and/or **Ultrasal™ 10E**.
3. Saturated brine spacers should be used preceding and following **Bridgesal-Ultra** or **Bridgesal-Ultra SF** pills to prevent the dissolving of sodium chloride bridging particles during placement.
4. Should it be necessary to use **Plug-Sal®** or **Plug-Sal X** to seal formations or gravel pack sand with larger pore sizes, the pill in the casing should be displaced with **Bridgesal-Ultra SF**, **Hysal™ SF**, **Hysal HD** or **Hysal HT** prior to placement of a gravel pack assembly.
5. When bridging the inside of a gravel pack screen, add the following products to **Bridgesal-Ultra/Bridgesal-Ultra SF** or **Hysal SF/Hysal HD/Hysal HT**.
 - A. 6 or 8 Gauge: **Plug-Sal**
 - B. 12 Gauge: **Plug-Sal and Plug-Sal X**
6. If a **Bridgesal-Ultra/Bridgesal-Ultra SF** pill is placed across a production zone above a less dense low salinity/unsaturated brine in the rat hole, the heavier pill will migrate downward displacing the less dense, low salinity solution upward. As the unsaturated brine reaches the perforations it will dissolve the sodium chloride bridging particles allowing water to be lost to the formation.
7. Use **pH Buffer** with all calcium chloride brines.
8. If a pill does not adequately stop your fluid loss problem or prematurely breaks down, please contact your TBC-Brinadd representative.

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Bridgecarb-Ultra™ System

DESCRIPTION

The **Bridgecarb-Ultra** System utilizes sized calcium carbonate particles for pill applications requiring fluid densities below 10.5 lb/gal or where a calcium carbonate system is preferred. The **Bridgecarb-Ultra** System is composed of two basic products, **Bridgecarb-Ultra** and **Bridgecarb-Ultra Fine**. Incorporating an increased concentration of bridging particles below 10 microns in combination with broad particle distributions, the **Bridgecarb-Ultra** products are able to provide improved filtrate control with a significant reduction in polymer levels.

The new **Bridgecarb-Ultra** and **Bridgecarb-Ultra Fine** can be used for:

- Lost circulation pills
- Perforating fluid loss pills
- Pre/post gravel pack fluid loss pills
- Sealing annular leaks in casing

The **Bridgecarb-Ultra** products may be mixed in potassium chloride, sodium chloride, calcium chloride, and sodium bromide brines. **Bridgecarb-Ultra** and **Bridgecarb-Ultra Fine** fluid densities range from 9.0 lb/gal to 13.5 lb/gal depending on the base brine and concentration of bridging solids utilized. **Bridgecarb-Ultra** products are packaged in 50 lb or 25 kg sacks.

FEATURES

- Applicable across a broad range of fluid densities
- Blended calcium carbonate products contained in the **Bridgecarb-Ultra** and **Bridgecarb-Ultra Fine** products provide optimized broad particle distributions for reduction in polymer concentrations, and improved sealing characteristics over a wide range of reservoir permeabilities
- **Bridgecarb-Ultra** products when combined with **Sluggit®**, **Sluggit CM** and **Sluggit Plus**, generate a series of overlapping particle distributions which provide formulating flexibility to meet formation requirements in lost circulation applications
- Incorporates a proprietary derivatized starch/biopolymer combination for outstanding rheological and suspension properties to prevent settling at bottom hole temperatures up to 250°F
- This polymer combination creates a unique synergistic effect creating an optimum viscosity profile giving **Bridgecarb-Ultra** long-term suspension stability
- Improved bridging/filtration control results in thin, ultra-low permeability filter cakes
- Compatible with **Ultra Breake M™**, the patented internal breaker system for filter cake removal

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Bridgecarb-Ultra™ System Products

| PRODUCT | COMPONENTS | FUNCTIONS |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Bridgecarb-Ultra Fine | Xanthan gum biopolymer, derivatized starch, magnesia compound, sized calcium carbonate (63 microns) | One-sack lost circulation treatment |
| Bridgecarb-Ultra | Xanthan gum biopolymer, derivatized starch, magnesia compound, sized calcium carbonate (106 microns) | One-sack lost circulation treatment |
| FL-7 Plus™ | Derivatized starch | Fluid loss control additive |
| Sluggit® Sluggit CM Sluggit Plus | Medium to coarse calcium carbonate | Bridging/lost circulation additives |
| pH Buffer | Magnesia compound | Buffer to maintain alkaline pH |
| Defoam 2 | Water miscible glycol mixture | Defoamer |
| Ultra Breake M™ | Magnesium peroxide | Internal filter cake breaker |

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Bridgecarb-Ultra™ System

MIXING PROCEDURE:

Refer to the brine tables prior to mixing the **Bridgecarb-Ultra** or **Bridgecarb-Ultra Fine** Systems.

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| SODIUM CHLORIDE BASE BRINE | TABLE B: NaCl and fresh water |
| POTASSIUM CHLORIDE BASE BRINE | TABLE F: KCl and fresh water |
| CALCIUM CHLORIDE BASE BRINE | TABLE I: CaCl ₂ and fresh water |
| SODIUM BROMIDE BASE BRINE | TABLE O: NaBr and fresh water |

THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR MIXING ONLY; PLEASE CONTACT A TBC-BRINADD REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE PROPER RECOMMENDATION.

1. Start with the desired amount of base brine in the slugging pit or mixing tank.
 2. Add recommended defoaming agent as needed. Normally 1/2 can (2.5 gal) of **Defoam 2** for every 20 bbl of pill is sufficient.
 3. Add prescribed amount of **Bridgecarb-Ultra** or **Bridgecarb-Ultra Fine** through a hopper at 3-4 minutes per sack.
 4. If necessary, add recommended concentration of **FL-7 Plus™** through a hopper at 8-10 minutes per sack.
 5. Allow the pill to agitate for 30-45 minutes prior to pumping downhole.
 6. For moderate lost circulation or post gravel pack in-screen pills, add the prescribed amount of **Sluggit®** through a hopper at 1-2 minutes per sack.
 7. For severe lost circulation, add the prescribed amount of **Sluggit**, **Sluggit CM** and **Sluggit Plus** through a hopper at 1-2 minutes per sack.
 8. Allow the pill to agitate for 10-15 minutes prior to pumping downhole.
- **If a hopper is not available, add all products at maximum agitation while circulating through a pump.**

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PBS Plug™ System

DESCRIPTION

PBS Plug is a surface-mixed, pumpable plugging material, formulated to provide a rigid crosslinked gel structure. **PBS Plug 500** and **PBS Plug 2000** contain sized particles of borate-containing minerals and special polymers which provide formulating flexibility to meet various formation requirements in lost circulation applications. **PBS Plug Activator** a salt/magnesia compound, serves as a crosslink catalyst when mixed with **PBS Plug**. Also, calcium chloride may be used as a secondary accelerator in cold-water applications, or to increase rigidity of the plug. The polymers in the base product add viscosity and filtration control and are crosslinked by the borate anion in the sparingly water-soluble borate. The catalysts initiate the crosslink reaction by raising the pH and salinity of the fresh water mixture. This reaction is accelerated by the normally higher temperature in the wellbore. **PBS Plug Retarder** and **PBS Plug Activator-E** are used to delay the set, increase the available pumping time, and broaden the window of possible applications. **PBS Plug Activator-E** is especially useful for mixes where the base water is above 100° F. **PBS Plug** products are packaged in 25 kg sacks.

APPLICATIONS

PBS Plug is a unique system whose main application is the control of lost circulation. The combination of **PBS Plug** and **PBS Plug Activator** satisfies the requirements for the majority of extreme lost circulation situations where anything from induced fractures to total losses are experienced. The final consistency of the **PBS Plug** also allows it to be easily drilled after the chemical setting reaction has been completed. Calcium chloride may also be added as a secondary accelerator to modify the **PBS Plug** shear strength for the following applications:

- Lost circulation pill
- Open hole cement retainer
- Pre-cement pad
- Profile modification
- Formation consolidating gel

The base density for 100 lb/bbl of **PBS Plug** is 10.1 lb/gal but weights up to 17.0 lb/gal can be achieved with the addition of barite or other inert weighting material.

ADVANTAGES

PBS Plug offers the following advantages:

- Provides excellent fluid loss control
- Seals high permeability and fractured formations
- Does not shrink
- Exhibits high shear strength
- Bonds tightly to the formation
- Can be spotted through mud motors and bit nozzles
- Utilizes standard mixing equipment

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PBS Plug™ System Products

| PRODUCT | COMPONENTS | FUNCTIONS |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| PBS Plug 500 | Blend of polymers and 500 micron borate mineral | Viscosity, filtration control, bridging |
| PBS Plug 2000 | Blend of polymers and 2000 micron borate mineral | Viscosity, filtration control, bridging |
| PBS Plug Activator | Blend of salt and magnesia compound | Primary crosslink catalyst |
| PBS Plug Activator-E | Blend of encapsulated salt and magnesia compound | Delayed crosslink catalyst |
| PBS Plug Retarder | Magnesium salt | Crosslink retarder, thinner |
| Calcium Chloride | 94-97% CaCl ₂ | Secondary crosslink catalyst |

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PBS Plug™ System

MIXING PROCEDURE:

THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR MIXING ONLY; PLEASE CONTACT A TBC-BRINADD REPRESENTATIVE FOR THE PROPER RECOMMENDATION.

1. Ensure all lines and tanks are washed and clean of any acid or caustic soda.
2. Add the calculated volume of fresh water and verify a neutral pH.
3. If recommended, add the **PBS Plug Retarder** through a hopper and be sure it dissolves before additional products are added to the mixture.
4. Add the recommended amount of **PBS Plug 500** or **PBS Plug 2000** through a hopper at approximately 3 minutes per sack.
5. Allow the **PBS Plug** slurry to mix for a minimum of 30 minutes.
6. If applicable, add weighting material (barite) through a hopper at 1-2 minutes per sack.
7. Immediately prior to pumping, add the **PBS Plug Activator**.

NOTE: DO NOT ADD THIS PRODUCT UNTIL IT IS KNOWN THE PILL WILL BE NEEDED.

8. If required, add calcium chloride pellets through a hopper at 1-2 minutes per sack.

CAUTION: THIS PILL BEGINS TO SET IMMEDIATELY; IT SHOULD BE HANDLED SIMILARLY TO CEMENT SLURRIES.

TABLE A**PROPERTIES OF SODIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTIONS**

| Density, 70°F | | Specific Gravity | NaCl wt % | Sodium wt % | Chloride wt % |
|---------------|----------|------------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|
| lb/gal | lb/cu ft | | | | |
| 8.4 | 62.95 | 1.008 | 1.04 | 0.41 | 0.63 |
| 8.5 | 63.70 | 1.020 | 2.66 | 1.05 | 1.62 |
| 8.6 | 64.45 | 1.032 | 4.44 | 1.75 | 2.69 |
| 8.7 | 65.20 | 1.044 | 6.01 | 2.36 | 3.65 |
| 8.8 | 65.95 | 1.056 | 7.53 | 2.96 | 4.57 |
| 8.9 | 66.70 | 1.068 | 9.22 | 3.62 | 5.59 |
| 9.0 | 67.45 | 1.080 | 10.74 | 4.22 | 6.52 |
| 9.1 | 68.20 | 1.092 | 12.36 | 4.86 | 7.50 |
| 9.2 | 68.95 | 1.104 | 13.91 | 5.47 | 8.44 |
| 9.3 | 69.70 | 1.116 | 15.54 | 6.11 | 9.43 |
| 9.4 | 70.45 | 1.128 | 17.05 | 6.70 | 10.35 |
| 9.5 | 71.20 | 1.140 | 18.51 | 7.28 | 11.23 |
| 9.6 | 71.95 | 1.152 | 19.96 | 7.85 | 12.11 |
| 9.7 | 72.70 | 1.164 | 21.53 | 8.46 | 13.07 |
| 9.8 | 73.45 | 1.176 | 22.99 | 9.04 | 13.95 |
| 9.9 | 74.20 | 1.188 | 24.36 | 9.58 | 14.78 |
| 10.0 | 74.95 | 1.200 | 25.69 | 10.10 | 15.59 |

TABLE B**PREPARATION OF SODIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTIONS FROM
DRY SODIUM CHLORIDE AND FRESH WATER**

| Density, 70°F lb/gal | COMPOSITION FOR ONE BARREL | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| | NaCl 99% lb | Water bbl |
| 8.4 | 3.7 | 0.998 |
| 8.5 | 9.6 | 0.993 |
| 8.6 | 16.2 | 0.986 |
| 8.7 | 22.2 | 0.981 |
| 8.8 | 28.1 | 0.976 |
| 8.9 | 34.8 | 0.969 |
| 9.0 | 41.0 | 0.962 |
| 9.1 | 47.7 | 0.955 |
| 9.2 | 54.3 | 0.948 |
| 9.3 | 61.3 | 0.940 |
| 9.4 | 68.0 | 0.933 |
| 9.5 | 74.6 | 0.926 |
| 9.6 | 81.3 | 0.919 |
| 9.7 | 88.6 | 0.910 |
| 9.8 | 95.6 | 0.902 |
| 9.9 | 102.3 | 0.895 |
| 10.0 | 109.0 | 0.890 |

TABLE D**SODIUM CHLORIDE SOLUBILITY IN 10.0 lb/gal NaCl BRINE AT
VARIOUS TEMPERATURES**

| Temperature, °F | Sodium Chloride Solubility, lb/bbl |
|------------------------|---|
| 72 | 0 |
| 200 | 10 |
| 250 | 14 |
| 300 | 18 |
| 350 | 26 |
| 400 | 38 |

TABLE E

PROPERTIES OF POTASSIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTIONS

| Density, 70 °F | | Specific Gravity | KCl wt % | Potassium wt % | Chloride wt % |
|----------------|----------|------------------|----------|----------------|---------------|
| lb/gal | lb/cu ft | | | | |
| 8.4 | 62.95 | 1.008 | 1.21 | 0.63 | 0.57 |
| 8.5 | 63.70 | 1.020 | 3.22 | 1.69 | 1.53 |
| 8.6 | 64.45 | 1.032 | 5.21 | 2.73 | 2.48 |
| 8.7 | 65.20 | 1.044 | 7.04 | 3.69 | 3.35 |
| 8.8 | 65.95 | 1.056 | 8.95 | 4.69 | 4.25 |
| 8.9 | 66.70 | 1.068 | 10.86 | 5.70 | 5.16 |
| 9.0 | 67.45 | 1.080 | 12.49 | 6.55 | 5.94 |
| 9.1 | 68.20 | 1.092 | 14.43 | 7.57 | 6.86 |
| 9.2 | 68.95 | 1.104 | 16.06 | 8.43 | 7.64 |
| 9.3 | 69.70 | 1.116 | 17.59 | 9.23 | 8.36 |
| 9.4 | 70.45 | 1.128 | 19.26 | 10.10 | 9.16 |
| 9.5 | 71.20 | 1.140 | 20.87 | 10.94 | 9.92 |
| 9.6 | 71.95 | 1.152 | 22.47 | 11.78 | 10.68 |
| 9.7 | 72.70 | 1.164 | 23.96 | 12.57 | 11.39 |

TABLE F**PREPARATION OF POTASSIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTIONS
FROM DRY POTASSIUM CHLORIDE AND FRESH WATER**

| Density, 70°F lb/gal | COMPOSITION FOR ONE BARREL | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| | KCl 99% lb | Water bbl |
| 8.4 | 4.3 | 0.995 |
| 8.5 | 11.6 | 0.986 |
| 8.6 | 19.0 | 0.977 |
| 8.7 | 26.0 | 0.970 |
| 8.8 | 33.4 | 0.960 |
| 8.9 | 41.0 | 0.950 |
| 9.0 | 47.7 | 0.943 |
| 9.1 | 55.7 | 0.932 |
| 9.2 | 62.7 | 0.924 |
| 9.3 | 69.4 | 0.917 |
| 9.4 | 76.8 | 0.908 |
| 9.5 | 84.1 | 0.898 |
| 9.6 | 91.5 | 0.890 |
| 9.7 | 98.6 | 0.882 |

TABLE G**SODIUM CHLORIDE REQUIRED TO SATURATE POTASSIUM
CHLORIDE BRINES FOR ONE BARREL
OF A SATURATED SOLUTION**

| KCl Brine | | KCl Brine bbl | NaCl lb/bbl |
|-------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------|
| Density lb/gal | KCl wt % | | |
| 8.4 | 1.21 | 0.89 | 107 |
| 8.5 | 3.22 | 0.89 | 105 |
| 8.6 | 5.21 | 0.89 | 103 |
| 8.7 | 7.04 | 0.89 | 101 |
| 8.8 | 8.95 | 0.89 | 99 |
| 8.9 | 10.86 | 0.90 | 95 |
| 9.0 | 12.49 | 0.90 | 86 |

CAUTION: KCl brines with densities greater than 9.0 lb/gal cannot be saturated with respect to NaCl without precipitating KCl.

TABLE H
PROPERTIES OF CALCIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTIONS

| Density, 70°F | | Specific Gravity | CaCl ₂ wt % | Calcium wt % | Chloride wt % |
|---------------|----------|------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| lb/gal | lb/cu ft | | | | |
| 8.4 | 62.94 | 1.008 | 1.03 | 0.37 | 0.66 |
| 8.5 | 63.69 | 1.020 | 2.04 | 0.74 | 1.31 |
| 8.6 | 64.44 | 1.032 | 3.35 | 1.21 | 2.14 |
| 8.7 | 65.19 | 1.044 | 5.07 | 1.83 | 3.24 |
| 8.8 | 65.94 | 1.056 | 6.00 | 2.17 | 3.83 |
| 8.9 | 66.69 | 1.068 | 7.55 | 2.73 | 4.82 |
| 9.0 | 67.44 | 1.080 | 8.86 | 3.20 | 5.66 |
| 9.1 | 68.19 | 1.092 | 10.20 | 3.68 | 6.51 |
| 9.2 | 68.94 | 1.104 | 11.53 | 4.16 | 7.36 |
| 9.3 | 69.69 | 1.116 | 12.80 | 4.62 | 8.18 |
| 9.4 | 70.44 | 1.128 | 14.05 | 5.08 | 8.98 |
| 9.5 | 71.19 | 1.140 | 15.35 | 5.54 | 9.81 |
| 9.6 | 71.94 | 1.152 | 16.62 | 6.00 | 10.62 |
| 9.7 | 72.69 | 1.164 | 17.81 | 6.43 | 11.38 |
| 9.8 | 73.44 | 1.176 | 18.99 | 6.86 | 12.13 |
| 9.9 | 74.18 | 1.188 | 20.20 | 7.30 | 12.91 |
| 10.0 | 74.93 | 1.200 | 21.39 | 7.73 | 13.67 |
| 10.1 | 75.68 | 1.212 | 22.54 | 8.14 | 14.40 |
| 10.2 | 76.43 | 1.224 | 23.64 | 8.54 | 15.10 |
| 10.3 | 77.18 | 1.236 | 24.81 | 8.96 | 15.85 |
| 10.4 | 77.93 | 1.248 | 25.93 | 9.37 | 16.57 |
| 10.5 | 78.68 | 1.261 | 26.97 | 9.74 | 17.23 |
| 10.6 | 79.43 | 1.273 | 27.97 | 10.10 | 17.87 |
| 10.7 | 80.18 | 1.285 | 28.84 | 10.41 | 18.42 |
| 10.8 | 80.93 | 1.297 | 29.67 | 10.72 | 18.96 |
| 10.9 | 81.68 | 1.309 | 30.97 | 11.19 | 19.79 |
| 11.0 | 82.43 | 1.321 | 32.25 | 11.65 | 20.60 |
| 11.1 | 83.18 | 1.333 | 33.19 | 11.99 | 21.21 |
| 11.2 | 83.93 | 1.345 | 34.10 | 12.32 | 21.79 |
| 11.3 | 84.68 | 1.357 | 35.14 | 12.69 | 22.45 |
| 11.4 | 85.42 | 1.369 | 36.15 | 13.06 | 23.09 |
| 11.5 | 86.17 | 1.381 | 37.03 | 13.37 | 23.66 |
| 11.6 | 86.92 | 1.393 | 37.89 | 13.68 | 24.21 |

TABLE I**PREPARATION OF CALCIUM CHLORIDE SOLUTIONS FROM
DRY CALCIUM CHLORIDE AND FRESH WATER**

| Density lb/gal | COMPOSITION FOR ONE BARREL | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| | CaCl ₂ 94 - 97% lb | Water bbl |
| 8.4 | 3.8 | 0.998 |
| 8.5 | 7.6 | 0.996 |
| 8.6 | 12.6 | 0.992 |
| 8.7 | 19.3 | 0.988 |
| 8.8 | 23.1 | 0.986 |
| 8.9 | 29.4 | 0.984 |
| 9.0 | 34.9 | 0.977 |
| 9.1 | 40.6 | 0.973 |
| 9.2 | 46.4 | 0.969 |
| 9.3 | 52.1 | 0.965 |
| 9.4 | 57.8 | 0.961 |
| 9.5 | 63.8 | 0.956 |
| 9.6 | 69.8 | 0.952 |
| 9.7 | 75.6 | 0.947 |
| 9.8 | 81.4 | 0.943 |
| 9.9 | 87.5 | 0.937 |
| 10.0 | 93.6 | 0.932 |
| 10.1 | 99.6 | 0.927 |
| 10.2 | 105.5 | 0.923 |
| 10.3 | 111.8 | 0.917 |
| 10.4 | 118.0 | 0.912 |
| 10.5 | 123.9 | 0.906 |
| 10.6 | 129.7 | 0.901 |
| 10.7 | 135.0 | 0.896 |
| 10.8 | 140.2 | 0.892 |
| 10.9 | 147.7 | 0.886 |
| 11.0 | 155.2 | 0.880 |
| 11.1 | 161.2 | 0.873 |
| 11.2 | 167.1 | 0.866 |
| 11.3 | 173.7 | 0.859 |
| 11.4 | 180.3 | 0.853 |
| 11.5 | 186.3 | 0.847 |
| 11.6 | 192.3 | 0.842 |

TABLE J**SODIUM CHLORIDE REQUIRED TO SATURATE CALCIUM
CHLORIDE BRINES FOR ONE BARREL
OF A SATURATED SOLUTION**

| CaCl ₂ | | CaCl ₂ Brine bbl | 77°F | 175°F |
|----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Density lb/gal | CaCl ₂ wt % | | NaCl lb | NaCl lb |
| 8.4 | 1.03 | 0.89 | 106 | 120 |
| 8.5 | 2.04 | 0.90 | 103 | 116 |
| 8.6 | 3.35 | 0.90 | 99 | 112 |
| 8.7 | 5.07 | 0.90 | 95 | 108 |
| 8.8 | 6.00 | 0.91 | 90 | 104 |
| 8.9 | 7.55 | 0.91 | 85 | 100 |
| 9.0 | 8.86 | 0.91 | 81 | 95 |
| 9.1 | 10.20 | 0.92 | 76 | 90 |
| 9.2 | 11.53 | 0.92 | 72 | 85 |
| 9.3 | 12.80 | 0.93 | 67 | 80 |
| 9.4 | 14.05 | 0.93 | 63 | 75 |
| 9.5 | 15.35 | 0.93 | 58 | 70 |
| 9.6 | 16.62 | 0.94 | 53 | 66 |
| 9.7 | 17.81 | 0.94 | 49 | 62 |
| 9.8 | 18.99 | 0.95 | 44 | 58 |
| 9.9 | 20.20 | 0.95 | 40 | 54 |
| 10.0 | 21.39 | 0.96 | 35 | 50 |
| 10.1 | 22.54 | 0.96 | 31 | 45 |
| 10.2 | 23.64 | 0.97 | 26 | 40 |
| 10.3 | 24.81 | 0.97 | 22 | 35 |
| 10.4 | 25.93 | 0.98 | 17 | 30 |
| 10.5 | 26.97 | 0.99 | 13 | 25 |
| 10.6 | 27.97 | 0.99 | 10 | 22 |
| 10.7 | 28.84 | 1.00 | 6 | 18 |
| GREATER THAN 10.7 | - | - | 6 | 18 |

CAUTION: This data is based on theoretical calculations. The NaCl solubility values may vary as much as 10.0 lb/bbl with different sources of calcium chloride salt.

TBC-BRINADD

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TABLE K

DILUTION CHART FOR CALCIUM CHLORIDE BRINE

| Final CaCl ₂ Weight, lb/gal | Original CaCl ₂ Weight, lb/gal | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 11.6 | | 11.5 | | 11.4 | | 11.3 | | 11.2 | | 11.1 | | 11.0 | |
| | CaCl ₂ bbl | H ₂ O bbl | CaCl ₂ bbl | H ₂ O bbl | CaCl ₂ bbl | H ₂ O bbl | CaCl ₂ bbl | H ₂ O bbl | CaCl ₂ bbl | H ₂ O bbl | CaCl ₂ bbl | H ₂ O bbl | CaCl ₂ bbl | H ₂ O bbl |
| 10.1 | 54 | 46 | 56 | 44 | 58 | 42 | 59 | 41 | 62 | 38 | 64 | 36 | 66 | 34 |
| 10.2 | 57 | 43 | 59 | 41 | 61 | 39 | 63 | 37 | 65 | 35 | 67 | 33 | 70 | 30 |
| 10.3 | 60 | 40 | 62 | 38 | 64 | 36 | 66 | 34 | 69 | 31 | 71 | 29 | 74 | 26 |
| 10.4 | 63 | 37 | 65 | 35 | 68 | 32 | 70 | 30 | 72 | 28 | 75 | 25 | 77 | 23 |
| 10.5 | 66 | 34 | 68 | 32 | 71 | 29 | 73 | 27 | 76 | 24 | 73 | 27 | 81 | 19 |
| 10.6 | 69 | 31 | 72 | 28 | 74 | 26 | 76 | 24 | 79 | 21 | 82 | 18 | 85 | 15 |
| 10.7 | 72 | 28 | 75 | 25 | 77 | 23 | 80 | 20 | 83 | 17 | 85 | 15 | 89 | 11 |
| 10.8 | 75 | 25 | 78 | 22 | 81 | 19 | 83 | 17 | 86 | 14 | 89 | 11 | 92 | 8 |
| 10.9 | 78 | 22 | 81 | 19 | 84 | 16 | 87 | 13 | 90 | 10 | 93 | 7 | 96 | 4 |
| 11.0 | 81 | 19 | 84 | 16 | 87 | 13 | 90 | 10 | 93 | 7 | 96 | 4 | 100 | 0 |
| 11.1 | 85 | 15 | 88 | 12 | 90 | 10 | 93 | 7 | 97 | 3 | 100 | 0 | | |
| 11.2 | 88 | 12 | 91 | 9 | 94 | 6 | 97 | 3 | 100 | 0 | | | | |
| 11.3 | 91 | 9 | 94 | 6 | 97 | 3 | 100 | 0 | | | | | | |
| 11.4 | 94 | 6 | 97 | 3 | 100 | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| 11.5 | 97 | 3 | 100 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11.6 | 100 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Based on 100 bbl

TABLE L

PROPERTIES OF SODIUM BROMIDE AND SODIUM CHLORIDE BLENDS

| Density, 70°F | | Specific Gravity | NaBr wt % | NaCl wt % | Sodium wt % | Bromide wt % | Chloride wt % |
|---------------|----------|------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| lb/gal | lb/cu ft | | | | | | |
| 10.0 | 74.95 | 1.200 | 0.00 | 25.69 | 10.10 | 0.00 | 15.59 |
| 10.1 | 75.70 | 1.212 | 2.21 | 24.42 | 10.09 | 1.71 | 14.82 |
| 10.2 | 76.44 | 1.224 | 4.37 | 23.17 | 10.09 | 3.39 | 14.06 |
| 10.3 | 77.19 | 1.236 | 6.49 | 21.95 | 10.08 | 5.04 | 13.32 |
| 10.4 | 77.94 | 1.248 | 8.57 | 20.75 | 10.07 | 6.65 | 12.59 |
| 10.5 | 78.69 | 1.261 | 10.61 | 19.58 | 10.07 | 8.24 | 11.88 |
| 10.6 | 79.44 | 1.273 | 12.61 | 18.42 | 10.06 | 9.79 | 11.18 |
| 10.7 | 80.19 | 1.285 | 14.58 | 17.29 | 10.06 | 11.32 | 10.49 |
| 10.8 | 80.94 | 1.297 | 16.51 | 16.18 | 10.05 | 12.82 | 9.82 |
| 10.9 | 81.69 | 1.309 | 18.40 | 15.09 | 10.04 | 14.29 | 9.15 |
| 11.0 | 82.44 | 1.321 | 20.26 | 14.01 | 10.04 | 15.73 | 8.50 |
| 11.1 | 83.19 | 1.333 | 22.08 | 12.96 | 10.03 | 17.15 | 7.87 |
| 11.2 | 83.94 | 1.345 | 23.87 | 11.93 | 10.03 | 18.54 | 7.24 |
| 11.3 | 84.69 | 1.357 | 25.63 | 10.91 | 10.02 | 19.91 | 6.62 |
| 11.4 | 85.44 | 1.369 | 27.36 | 9.92 | 10.01 | 21.25 | 6.02 |
| 11.5 | 86.19 | 1.381 | 29.06 | 8.94 | 10.01 | 22.57 | 5.42 |
| 11.6 | 86.94 | 1.393 | 30.73 | 7.97 | 10.00 | 23.87 | 4.84 |
| 11.7 | 87.69 | 1.405 | 32.38 | 7.03 | 10.00 | 25.14 | 4.26 |
| 11.8 | 88.44 | 1.417 | 33.99 | 6.10 | 9.99 | 26.39 | 3.70 |
| 11.9 | 89.19 | 1.429 | 35.58 | 5.18 | 9.99 | 27.63 | 3.14 |
| 12.0 | 89.94 | 1.441 | 37.14 | 4.28 | 9.98 | 28.84 | 2.60 |
| 12.1 | 90.68 | 1.453 | 38.67 | 3.40 | 9.98 | 30.03 | 2.06 |
| 12.2 | 91.43 | 1.465 | 40.18 | 2.53 | 9.97 | 31.20 | 1.53 |
| 12.3 | 92.18 | 1.477 | 41.67 | 1.67 | 9.97 | 32.35 | 1.01 |
| 12.4 | 92.93 | 1.489 | 43.13 | 0.83 | 9.96 | 33.49 | 0.50 |
| 12.5 | 93.68 | 1.501 | 44.56 | 0.00 | 9.96 | 34.60 | 0.00 |

TABLE M**PREPARATION OF 12.5 lb/gal NaBr AND 10.0 lb/gal NaCl BLENDS**

| Density, 70°F lb/gal | COMPOSITION FOR ONE BARREL | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 12.5 lb/gal NaBr bbl | 10.0 lb/gal NaCl bbl |
| 10.0 | 0.000 | 1.000 |
| 10.1 | 0.040 | 0.960 |
| 10.2 | 0.080 | 0.920 |
| 10.3 | 0.120 | 0.880 |
| 10.4 | 0.160 | 0.840 |
| 10.5 | 0.200 | 0.800 |
| 10.6 | 0.240 | 0.760 |
| 10.7 | 0.280 | 0.720 |
| 10.8 | 0.320 | 0.680 |
| 10.9 | 0.360 | 0.640 |
| 11.0 | 0.400 | 0.600 |
| 11.1 | 0.440 | 0.560 |
| 11.2 | 0.480 | 0.520 |
| 11.3 | 0.520 | 0.480 |
| 11.4 | 0.560 | 0.440 |
| 11.5 | 0.600 | 0.400 |
| 11.6 | 0.640 | 0.360 |
| 11.7 | 0.680 | 0.320 |
| 11.8 | 0.720 | 0.280 |
| 11.9 | 0.760 | 0.240 |
| 12.0 | 0.800 | 0.200 |
| 12.1 | 0.840 | 0.160 |
| 12.2 | 0.880 | 0.120 |
| 12.3 | 0.920 | 0.080 |
| 12.4 | 0.960 | 0.040 |
| 12.5 | 1.000 | 0.000 |

TABLE N

PROPERTIES OF SODIUM BROMIDE AND FRESH WATER BLENDS

| Density, 70°F | | Specific Gravity | NaBr wt % | Sodium wt % | Bromide wt % |
|---------------|----------|------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|
| lb/gal | lb/cu ft | | | | |
| 9.0 | 67.45 | 1.080 | 9.73 | 2.17 | 7.55 |
| 9.1 | 68.20 | 1.092 | 11.01 | 2.46 | 8.55 |
| 9.2 | 68.95 | 1.104 | 12.28 | 2.74 | 9.53 |
| 9.3 | 69.70 | 1.116 | 13.53 | 3.02 | 10.51 |
| 9.4 | 70.45 | 1.128 | 14.79 | 3.31 | 11.49 |
| 9.5 | 71.20 | 1.140 | 16.00 | 3.58 | 12.42 |
| 9.6 | 71.95 | 1.152 | 17.20 | 3.84 | 13.36 |
| 9.7 | 72.70 | 1.164 | 18.38 | 4.11 | 14.27 |
| 9.8 | 73.45 | 1.176 | 19.56 | 4.37 | 15.19 |
| 9.9 | 74.20 | 1.188 | 20.69 | 4.62 | 16.07 |
| 10.0 | 74.95 | 1.200 | 21.83 | 4.88 | 16.95 |
| 10.1 | 75.70 | 1.212 | 22.94 | 5.13 | 17.81 |
| 10.2 | 76.44 | 1.224 | 24.02 | 5.37 | 18.65 |
| 10.3 | 77.19 | 1.236 | 25.09 | 5.61 | 19.48 |
| 10.4 | 77.94 | 1.248 | 26.16 | 5.85 | 20.31 |
| 10.5 | 78.69 | 1.261 | 27.19 | 6.08 | 21.11 |
| 10.6 | 79.44 | 1.273 | 28.22 | 6.31 | 21.91 |
| 10.7 | 80.19 | 1.285 | 29.20 | 6.53 | 22.68 |
| 10.8 | 80.94 | 1.297 | 30.19 | 6.75 | 23.45 |
| 10.9 | 81.69 | 1.309 | 31.17 | 6.97 | 24.20 |
| 11.0 | 82.44 | 1.321 | 32.12 | 7.18 | 24.94 |
| 11.1 | 83.19 | 1.333 | 33.06 | 7.39 | 25.67 |
| 11.2 | 83.94 | 1.345 | 33.96 | 7.59 | 26.37 |
| 11.3 | 84.69 | 1.357 | 35.69 | 7.98 | 27.71 |
| 11.4 | 85.44 | 1.369 | 35.76 | 7.99 | 27.77 |
| 11.5 | 86.19 | 1.381 | 36.63 | 8.19 | 28.44 |
| 11.6 | 86.94 | 1.393 | 37.49 | 8.38 | 29.11 |
| 11.7 | 87.69 | 1.405 | 38.33 | 8.57 | 29.77 |
| 11.8 | 88.44 | 1.417 | 39.16 | 8.75 | 30.41 |
| 11.9 | 89.19 | 1.429 | 39.98 | 8.94 | 31.04 |
| 12.0 | 89.94 | 1.441 | 40.78 | 9.11 | 31.67 |
| 12.1 | 90.68 | 1.453 | 41.57 | 9.29 | 32.28 |
| 12.2 | 91.43 | 1.465 | 42.33 | 9.46 | 32.87 |
| 12.3 | 92.18 | 1.477 | 43.09 | 9.63 | 33.46 |
| 12.4 | 92.93 | 1.489 | 43.84 | 9.80 | 34.04 |
| 12.5 | 93.68 | 1.501 | 44.56 | 9.96 | 34.60 |

TABLE O**PREPARATION OF 12.5 lb/gal NaBr AND FRESH WATER BLENDS**

| Density, 70°F | COMPOSITION FOR ONE BARREL | |
|---------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| | 12.5 lb/gal NaBr bbl | Water bbl |
| 9.0 | 0.157 | 0.845 |
| 9.1 | 0.180 | 0.822 |
| 9.2 | 0.203 | 0.800 |
| 9.3 | 0.226 | 0.777 |
| 9.4 | 0.250 | 0.754 |
| 9.5 | 0.273 | 0.731 |
| 9.6 | 0.296 | 0.708 |
| 9.7 | 0.320 | 0.684 |
| 9.8 | 0.344 | 0.660 |
| 9.9 | 0.368 | 0.637 |
| 10.0 | 0.392 | 0.613 |
| 10.1 | 0.416 | 0.588 |
| 10.2 | 0.440 | 0.564 |
| 10.3 | 0.464 | 0.540 |
| 10.4 | 0.488 | 0.516 |
| 10.5 | 0.512 | 0.492 |
| 10.6 | 0.537 | 0.467 |
| 10.7 | 0.561 | 0.443 |
| 10.8 | 0.585 | 0.418 |
| 10.9 | 0.610 | 0.393 |
| 11.0 | 0.634 | 0.369 |
| 11.1 | 0.659 | 0.344 |
| 11.2 | 0.683 | 0.320 |
| 11.3 | 0.707 | 0.295 |
| 11.4 | 0.732 | 0.270 |
| 11.5 | 0.756 | 0.246 |
| 11.6 | 0.781 | 0.221 |
| 11.7 | 0.805 | 0.196 |
| 11.8 | 0.830 | 0.172 |
| 11.9 | 0.854 | 0.147 |
| 12.0 | 0.879 | 0.122 |
| 12.1 | 0.903 | 0.098 |
| 12.2 | 0.927 | 0.073 |
| 12.3 | 0.951 | 0.049 |
| 12.4 | 0.976 | 0.024 |
| 12.5 | 1.000 | 0.000 |

FORMULA A

MASS BALANCE

Calculations provide initial liquid fractions and concentrations of inert weighting materials (in pounds per final barrel) to achieve a final barrel of a predetermined density.

$$[(350 - X) \cdot (W_1 \div 8.33)] + (sg \cdot X) = 350 \cdot (W_2 \div 8.33)$$

Where:

- W_1 = initial weight (lb/gal)
- W_2 = desired weight (lb/gal)
- sg = specific gravity of weighting agent
- X = volume gain (ml/350 ml lab bbl)

Solve for X, then:

- a) $(350 - X) \div 350$ = initial liquid fraction
- b) $sg \cdot X$ = required concentration of weighting material in lb/bbl

FORMULA B

INITIAL LIQUID FRACTION

$$1 - (X \div Y \div 350) = Z$$

Where: X = lb/bbl of weighting materials
Y = specific gravity of material
Z = initial liquid volume fraction

FORMULA C

COMBINING TWO FLUIDS OF KNOWN VOLUMES AND DENSITIES

$$(V_1 \cdot D_1) + (V_2 \cdot D_2) = X$$

Then,

$$X \div V_{(1+2)} = D_{(1+2)}$$

Where:

- V_1 = volume of 1st fluid
- V_2 = volume of 2nd fluid
- D_1 = density of 1st fluid
- D_2 = density of 2nd fluid
- $V_{(1+2)}$ = combined volume of both fluids
- $D_{(1+2)}$ = combined density of both fluids

FORMULA D

FLUID DENSITY CUT-BACK

$$(W_1 - W_2) \div (W_1 - C) = X$$

Where:

| | | |
|-------|---|-----------------------------------|
| W_1 | = | initial density (lb/gal) |
| W_2 | = | desired density (lb/gal) |
| C | = | cut-back fluid density (lb/gal) |
| X | = | fraction of cut-back fluid needed |

FORMULA E

FLUID DENSITY WEIGHT-UP

$$(W_2 - W_1) \div (H - W_1) = X$$

Where:

| | | |
|-------|---|-----------------------------------|
| W_1 | = | initial density (lb/gal) |
| W_2 | = | desired density (lb/gal) |
| H | = | high density fluid (lb/gal) |
| X | = | fraction of cut-back fluid needed |

FORMULA F

STANDARD WEIGHT-UP FORMULA

$$[(350 \cdot \text{sg}) \cdot (W_2 - W_1)] \div [(8.33 \cdot \text{sg}) - W_2] = X$$

And,

$$1 \text{ bbl } \underline{\text{volume increase}} = 350 \cdot \text{sg} = \text{lb of material}$$

Where:

| | | |
|-------|---|---|
| sg | = | specific gravity of weighting agent |
| W_1 | = | initial density (lb/gal) |
| W_2 | = | desired density (lb/gal) |
| X | = | lb of weighting material per existing bbl |

FORMULA G**FANN 35 – VISCOSITIES & SHEAR RATES**

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Shear Rate (sec}^{-1}\text{)} &= 1.703 \cdot \text{rpm} \\ \text{Viscosity (cP)} &= (511 \cdot \text{Rdg}) \div (1.703 \cdot \text{rpm})\end{aligned}$$

Where: Rdg = Fann 35 reading
rpm = Fann 35 speed

FORMULA H

ANNULAR SHEAR RATES

$$\text{ASR} = (2.4 \cdot \text{AV}) \div (\text{I.D.} - \text{O.D.})$$

Where:

| | |
|------|--|
| ASR | = annular shear rate (sec ⁻¹) |
| AV | = annular velocity (ft/min) |
| I.D. | = inside diameter of casing or open-hole (in.) |
| O.D. | = outside diameter of drillpipe, collars, etc. (in.) |

FORMULA I

VOLUME IN RECTANGULAR TANK

$$(L \cdot W \cdot H) \div 5.61 = \text{volume (bbl)}$$

Where:

| | | |
|---|---|-------------|
| L | = | Length (ft) |
| W | = | Width (ft) |
| H | = | Height (ft) |

FORMULA J

HOLE VOLUME

$$\text{I.D.}^2 \div 1029 = \text{volume in bbl/ft}$$

Where: I.D. = inside diameter (in.)

FORMULA K

ANNULAR VOLUME

$$(I.D.^2 - O.D.^2) \div 1029 = \text{volume (bbl/ft)}$$

Where: I.D. = inside diameter of casing or open-hole (in.)
O.D. = outside diameter of drillpipe, collars, etc. (in.)

FORMULA L

ESTIMATING QUANTITY OF SOLIDS FROM OPEN HOLE

$$(sg \cdot 62.43) \cdot [(O.H. \div 12 \div 2)^2 \cdot 3.1416 \cdot L] = X$$

Where:

| | | |
|------|---|--|
| sg | = | specific gravity of drill solids |
| O.H. | = | diameter of open hole (in.) |
| L | = | length of drilled interval (ft) |
| X | = | estimated total pounds of solids removed |

SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF WEIGHTING AGENTS

| | |
|-------------------|------|
| Sodium Chloride | 2.17 |
| Calcium Carbonate | 2.7 |
| Barite | 4.25 |
| Iron Oxide | 5.0 |
| Oil Soluble Resin | 1.07 |